

Only 13% of the world's tiger reserves meet the global standards

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The report of the World Wildlife Fund (WWF) and other international organizations and Global Tiger Forum forum show the seriousness of the threats that tigers in 11 countries around the world are faced, among 112 tiger reserves in Asia and Russia, only 13% meet global standards.

According to this report, up to 85% of the birthplace of tiger farming has no patrol staff.

Tigers are one of the most poached and hunting animals in the world, leading to their individuals being listed as 'endangered species'.



In order to double the number of wild tigers in 2020 as adopted at the 2010 Tiger Summit Summit, CA | TS is a set of criteria that allows the authorities in the tiger area to check Does their management help preserve the tiger successfully, through 17 key management activities.

Despite the fact that poaching is one of the biggest threats to tigers, 85% of the surveyed areas do not have employee control to patrol the live tiger area, and there are 61% billion. Such rules are in Southeast Asia, with very few regulations restricting hunting.

The low investment of governments in Southeast Asia is considered one of the reasons for the lack of management of tiger protection areas.

In 2016, the world estimates there are 3,890 free tiger or wild tigers, with at least 2,226 in India (2014) and in Russia (433), Nepal (198 children), Bhutan (103). children), Bangladesh (106 children), Thailand (189 children), Malaysia (250 children), Indonesia (371), China (7 or less), Vietnam (less than 5 children) and Laos (2 children)

The report says basic needs such as coercion against poaching, encouraging local communities, and managing conflicts between people and wildlife are still weak in all areas. survey.

The report said that half of the sites assessed (52.5%) showed that tiger management was quite robust, although more improvements were needed. Up to 35%, mainly in Southeast Asia, have relatively weak tiger species management mechanisms.

According to SP Yadav, Assistant Secretary-General of the United Nations said: *"The management of inefficient tiger reserves will lead to tiger extinction . and long-term investment in tiger sanctuaries is what essential and this is the responsibility of the governmental level "*.

The study found that Bangladesh, Bhutan, China, India, Nepal and Russia all have plans to manage tigers, the tiger regions in Southeast Asia such as Cambodia, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar and Thailand are not. .

Michael Blazer, Chairman of the Executive Board of CA | TS said: *"Conservation funding is essential, especially for many tiger areas in Southeast Asia to support recovery of tiger populations."*

So far, Lansdowne Forest Division in Uttarakhand in India, Chitwan National Park in Nepal and Sikhote-Alin Nature Reserve in Russia have been awarded the title of CA | TS.

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