

Multiple choice quiz about Python - Part 7

Following the previous test set, Part 7 continues with the topic Built-in functions in Python. Let's try with Quantrimang to try the 10 questions below.

1. Question 1: What is the result of the following expression?

```
chr('97')
chr(97)
```

1. a
L?i
2. 'a'
a
3. L?i
a
4. L?i
L?i

Explanation: The chr () function returns the letter corresponding to the value provided as a parameter. This function only accepts integer type values. In the first function, we passed a string. Therefore the first function returns an error.

2. Question 2: What is the result of the following function?

```
complex(1+2j)
```

1. L?i
2. first
3. 2j
4. 1 + 2j

Explanation: complex () function returns results in complex numbers.

3. Question 3: Where are the results of complex () function in the answers below?

1. 0j
2. 0 + 0j
3. 0
4. L?i

Explanation: The complex () function returns 0j if both parameters are omitted, meaning that if the function is in complex () or complex (0), the output will be 0j.

4. Question 4: Divmod function (a, b) where 'a' and 'b' are integers interpreted as:

1. (a% b, a // b)
2. (a // b, a% b)
3. (a // b, a * b)
4. (a / b, a% b)

Explanation: The divmod (a, b) function is interpreted as a // b, a% b if both 'a' and 'b' are integers.

5. Question 5: What is the output of the representation function below?

```
divmod(10.5, 5)
divmod(2.4, 1.2)
```

1. (2.00, 0.50)
(2.00, 0.00)
2. (2, 0.5)
(2, 0)
3. (2.0, 0.5)
(2.0, 0.0)
4. (2, 0.5)
(2)

Explanation: The *divmod()* function in Python returns a tuple including quotient and balance when parameter 1 is divided by parameter 2.

6. Question 6: Is the following statement true or false?

The expression `complex('2-3j')` is valid and `complex('2 - 3j')` is the wrong syntax of the `complex()` function.

1. It's correct
2. False

Explanation: When converting from a string, the string must not contain any spaces around the + or - operator. Therefore, complex function `('2 - 3j')` will lead to an error.

7. Question 7: What is the result of the function shown below?

```
list(enumerate([2, 3]))
```

1. L?i
2. [(1, 2), (2, 3)]
3. [(0, 2), (1, 3)]
4. [(2, 3)]

Explanation: The `enumerate()` function accepts iterable as a parameter, in case the function requires returning an array list with its index starting from 0. Therefore, the output will be: [(0, 2), (1,3)].

8. Question 8: What is the result of the function shown below?

```
x=3
eval('x^2')
```

1. L?i
2. first
3. 9
4. 6

Explanation: The `eval` function is used to evaluate the expression it uses as a parameter. In the above case, the `eval()` function is used to perform the XOR operation between 3 and 2. Therefore the output is 1.

9. Question 9: What is the output of the following function?

```
float('1e-003')
float('2e+003')
```

1. 3.00
300
- 2.

- 0.001
- 2000.0
- 3. 0.001
- 200
- 4. L?i
- 2003

Explanation: The output of the first function will be 0.001 and the second function will be 2000.0. The first function creates a number of floating points up to 3 decimal places and the second function adds three zeroes after the given number.

10. Question 10: Which of the following functions does not accept iterable as a parameter?
- 1. enumerate ()
 - 2. all ()
 - 3. chr ()
 - 4. max ()

The functions enumerate (), all () and max () accept iterable as a parameter while the chr () function will get an error when receiving iterable as a parameter. Also note that the chr () function only accepts integer values.

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