

Modern science and technology are advanced, why don't you dare dig up Qin Shi Huang's mausoleum? 4 mysteries were discovered that shocked experts

Qin Shi Huang was the 36th king of Qin, and the first Emperor to unify China after destroying 6 vassal states, ending the Warring States period. Qin Shui Tomb is also China's largest and most luxurious royal tomb.

Qin Shi Huang's mausoleum in Xi'an, Shaanxi province, was built by hundreds of thousands of laborers over nearly four decades and completed around 208 BC, according to records by Han Dynasty historian Sima Thien, who lived right after that period.

Terracotta warriors



The terracotta army with about 8,000 statues is a special part of Qin Shi Huang's tomb, this army is the size of a real person. Human statues include infantrymen, archers, generals in an upright or crouching position holding bows, halberds, spears, spears, bronze-clad swords. these are weapons used in China during the period. there.

In addition, 130 chariots and 670 horses were found. Each statue is mostly different in gestures and facial expressions, and some statues even have different colors. It is said that the first tomb has a statue of 6,000 soldiers and horses, the main army of Qin Shi Huang.

Mercury inside the tomb

Regarding the mercury sea in Qin Shi Huang's tomb, we believe everyone knows about this. After thousands of years, Qin Shi Huang's tomb has still not been excavated, because the protection of Qin Shi Huang's tomb is very

perfect. The terracotta warriors and horses in Xi'an that we see now are actually just the outermost tombs.

Rare treasures

Regarding the rare treasures in Qin Shi Huang's tomb, this can actually be seen from the funerary objects surrounding Qin Shi Huang. A large number of rare treasures have been unearthed around Qin Shi Huang's tomb. If it is possible to get inside Qin Shi Huang's tomb, experts predict that there will be many other rare treasures.

Mysteries of astronomy

In recent years, murals similar to "astronomy", "geography" have been discovered on the Han Tombs of Xi'an Jiaotong University. The upper part is the sun, moon and stars representing the sky, and the lower part is a mural representing mountains and rivers.

From this, it can be deduced that the upper part of the underground palace of the Qin Mausoleum may have a more complete map of the 28 constellations, while the lower part is the mountain and river geography represented by mercury.

In this underground "kingdom" that symbolizes heaven and earth, Qin Shi Huang's soul can still "investigate heaven and earth" and govern all things here.

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