

Invocation and cheating in Western history

No matter how famous their names are, there are countless soul-calling 'psychic' people who have been deceived by scientists.

First, we need to understand what "soul calling" means. With the help of a fellow teacher who is supposed to be able to contact the afterlife by lending his body to **the souls**, the people of the underworld can communicate with the living. This activity is not only prevalent in the East, but also in the West. Although it is not known whether these things are feasible, Western history has recorded numerous cases of "tricks". Let's review some cases surrounding this issue.

1. The couple "psychic" started a trend in America, turned out to be a scam

Western countries have tried to call dead souls since *ancient times*, but it was not until the mid-19th century that they began to become a phenomenon. The reason for this is thanks to the merits of two girls living in Hydesville, New York, USA.



Fox sisters with the ability to "talk to ghosts".

On an evening in March 1848, 14-year-old Margaret Fox and her 11-year-old Kate Fox conducted a "try to talk" with a ghost living in the house. The ghost is said to respond by tapping: one for yes, two for no. After a reply

and a lot of noise, the two girls finally concluded that the ghost belonged to a man named Charles Rose, who was murdered in this house many years ago.

So people started to spread the news about this incident, that the Fox daughters were co-workers who could talk to ghosts and the two girls suddenly became famous. They even traveled across the United States, performing soul-inspiring performances in front of crowded auditoriums. The souls no longer simply type out the answers, they also move things around the stage.



40 years later, the Fox sisters have admitted to faking the knock of the ghost.

In 1888, 40 years after the onset of the phobia, the Fox sisters admitted that they had faked a ghost's knock by breaking the big toe joint. Although the "being led" has been announced, but people still fascinated this game and until the early 20th century did not stop.

2. Daniel Dunglas Home floats?



At the concerts, witnesses reported that Home had flown off the ground.

In the 1860s, fellow teacher Daniel Dunglas Home showed himself lifting himself up in the air. At the concerts, witnesses reported that Home flew off the ground, skimmed through a large window, and then floated back through another window. Basically, this man was considered as one of the most famous men in that spiritual era, even receiving the rare respect of the Escape Master Harry Houdini - 1 "saint. "of the magician world, often voiced aggressively his fellow wench.

However, throughout his career, Daniel often encountered fierce opposition from scientists of that time. Although he could emulate most of the tricks Daniel had done, he could still deny it all and continue performing until he retired from illness.

3. Marthe Béraud - The fellow vomiting



During the shows, she often feigned coma and cracked off the white lumps that she called "foreign air".

Marthe Béraud is also a famous fellow, but is famous for being exposed at the end of her career. During the shows, she often acts monstrously, then feigns coma and puffs up the white lumps that she calls "foreign air". She said that it was the spirit that showed that the deceased had entered her body.

However, when scientists went to check out the "foreign" lumps, she discovered that it was nothing more than a white cloth.

To sum up, no matter how famous their names are, there are countless "psychic" people who have been extensively deceived by scientists. And since then, though it is undeniable, the trick comes from this has made the confidence of scientists can not increase at all.

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