

How to set up a Rust environment on Linux

Start your Rust development journey by setting up a Rust development environment on your Linux PC. Here are detailed instructions.

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According to Stack Overflow's Developer Survey 2022, Rust has become the most popular programming language for the past 7 years. It is secure, efficient and flexible to handle applications of all levels of complexity, from system programming to chatbots and more.

If you haven't had a chance to start developing in Rust yet, you should start by setting up a Rust development environment on Linux.

Rust installation required on Linux

Before installing Rust, you need to install a dependency: the build-essential package. Why? Because Rust needs a linker to link all the object files produced by the Rust compiler into an executable binary. The build-essential package contains a linker that will get the job done.

Here is the command to install the build-essential package on Linux:

```
sudo apt update && sudo apt install build-essential
```

For Arch Linux, run:

```
sudo pacman -S base-devel
```

Once you've finished installing this package, move on to installing Rust.

Install Rust on Linux

```
This can be modified with the CARGO_HOME environment variable.

The cargo, rustc, rustup and other commands will be added to
Cargo's bin directory, located at:

/home/debxsrshi/.cargo/bin

This path will then be added to your PATH environment variable by
modifying the profile files located at:

/home/debxsrshi/.profile
/home/debxsrshi/.bashrc
/home/debxsrshi/.zshenv

You can uninstall at any time with rustup self uninstall and
these changes will be reverted.

Current installation options:

default host triple: x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu
default toolchain: stable (default)
profile: default
modify PATH variable: yes

1) Proceed with installation (default)
2) Customize installation
3) Cancel installation

TipsMake
```

Rust is super easy to install and set up. All you need to do is run a single script. It will install and set everything up for you.

The best thing is that the official Rust developer has developed this script strictly, so you can't run suspicious software on the system.

Here is the command to install and run the rustup script:

```
curl --proto '=https' --tlsv1.2 -sSf https://sh.rustup.rs | sh
```

This command will use curl to load the script and run it using sh. Enter **1** when prompted.

After a while, the script will complete the task and ask you to update the PATH variable to include the Cargo bin directory. You can do that with the source command:

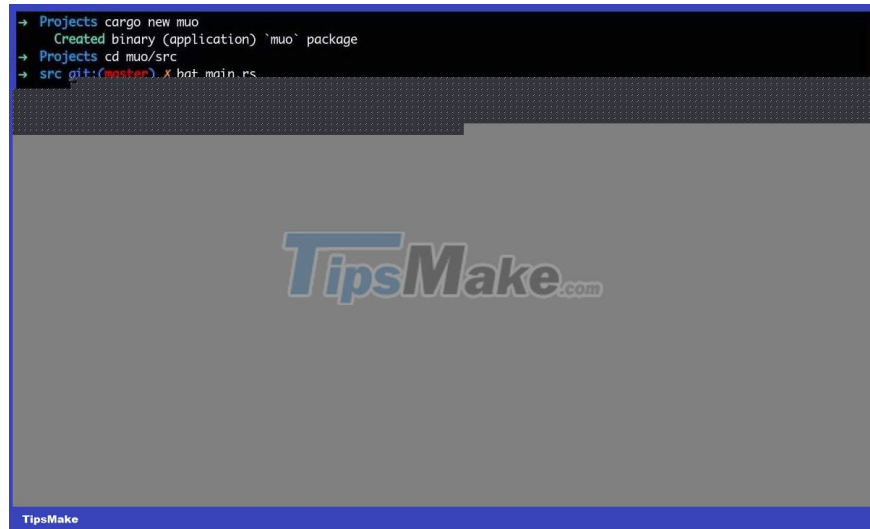
```
source "$HOME/.cargo/env"
```

Setting up and writing 'Hello, World' in Rust

Rust's build system, Cargo is a resourceful tool that helps you get up and running, organize, and test your code with a few lines of command. To set up a new Rust project, run this command:

```
cargo new
```

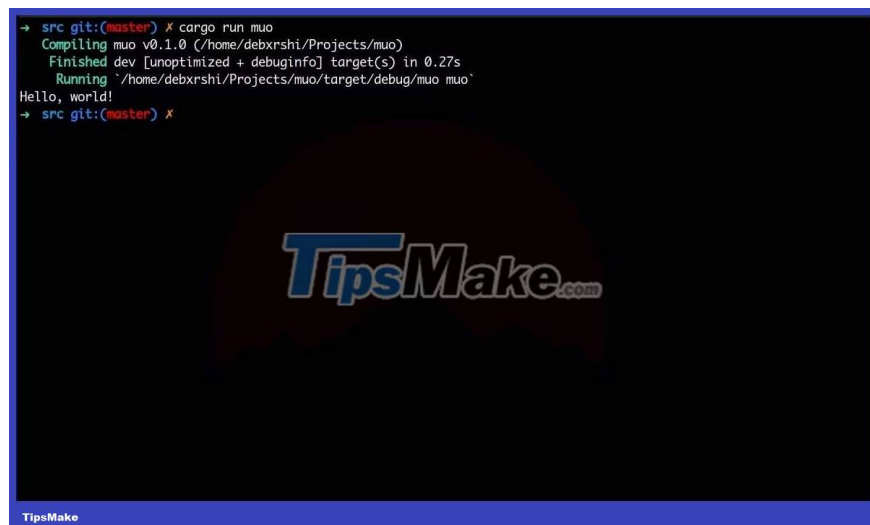
```
→ Projects cargo new muo
   Created binary (application) `muo` package
→ Projects cd muo/src
→ src git:(master) X hf main.rs
```



This command will set up a directory structure for the base project and add **the main.rs file** containing the code for the 'Hello, World' program inside **//src** . You can manually compile this code with **compiler rustc** or use Cargo to run it:

```
cargo run
```

```
→ src git:(master) X cargo run muo
   Compiling muo v0.1.0 (/home/debxrshi/Projects/muo)
   Finished dev [unoptimized + debuginfo] target(s) in 0.27s
   Running `/home/debxrshi/Projects/muo/target/debug/muo muo`
Hello, world!
→ src git:(master) X
```



Also, here's the syntax for using **rustc** to manually compile the code:

```
rustc main.rs ./a
```

