

# How to install Adobe Flash Player on CentOS 8

Adobe Flash Player can also be installed on many types of operating systems, including Windows, MacOS, Linux / UNIX and Android. In this article, you will learn how to install Adobe Flash Player on CentOS 8 using Terminal.

Adobe Flash Player is still an essential browser plug-in used to play audio, stream videos and other multimedia content on Adobe Flash websites or platforms. It supports many different web browsers such as Internet Explorer, Firefox and Opera. Adobe Flash Player can also be installed on many types of operating systems, including Windows, MacOS, Linux / UNIX and Android.

In this article, you will learn how to install Adobe Flash Player on CentOS 8 using Terminal.

## Install Adobe Flash Player on CentOS 8

To install Adobe Flash Player on the system, you need to perform the following steps with Terminal.

1. Open a Terminal window with the shortcut shortcut `Ctrl+Alt+T`.
2. You need to log in as the root user on the system to install.

### Update system package

You should update your system before installing any new software on it. Enter the following command to update the operating system:

```
$sudo dnf makecache
```

You also need to upgrade the packages already installed on the system. Use the following command to upgrade the system packages:

```
$sudo dnf -y upgrade
```

### Add the adobe yum repository to the system

In this step, you will add the **adobe yum repository** to the CentOS 8. To add the adobe yum repository, use the following command:

```
$sudo dnf install -y http://linuxdownload.adobe.com/adobe-release/adobe-release-
```

```
[sam@localhost ~]$ sudo dnf install -y http://linuxdownload.adobe.com/adobe-release/adobe-release-x86_64-1.0-1.noarch.rpm
[sudo] password for sam:
Last metadata expiration check: 0:27:44 ago on Wed 15 Apr 2020 07:44:11 PM EDT.
adobe-release-x86_64-1.0-1.noarch.rpm                               4.2 kB/s | 4.2 kB    00:00
Dependencies resolved.
=====
Package                Architecture  Version  Repository  Size
=====
Installing:
adobe-release-x86_64    noarch       1.0-1    @commandline 4.2 k
Transaction Summary
=====
Install 1 Package

Total size: 4.2 k
Installed size: 1.9 k
Downloading Packages:
Running transaction check
Transaction check succeeded.
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded.
Running transaction
  Preparing      :                                1/1
  Installing     : adobe-release-x86_64-1.0-1.noarch 1/1
  Running scriptlet: adobe-release-x86_64-1.0-1.noarch 1/1
```

Add the adobe yum repository to the system

After a few moments, you will see the status of '**Complete**' displayed on the Terminal window, for the adobe yum repository added to the system.

## Install Adobe Flash Player

Now, it's time to install Adobe Flash Player on the system. To install Adobe Flash Player on a CentOS 8 workstation, you need to execute the following command on Terminal:

```
$sudo dnf install -y libcurl flash-plugin alsa-plugins-pulseaudio
```

This process will take some time, after that, you will see that the Adobe Flash Player installation has been completed on the system.

```
Installed size: 20 M
Downloading Packages:
flash-plugin-32.0.0.363-release.x86_64.rpm                       441 kB/s | 8.6 MB    00:20
-----
Total                                                            441 kB/s | 8.6 MB    00:20
warning: /var/cache/dnf/adobe-linux-x86_64-38ad0a49b0acdf73/packages/flash-plugin-32.0.0.363-release.x86_64.rpm: Header V4 DSA/SHA1 Signature, key ID f6777c67: NOKEY
Adobe Systems Incorporated                                     1.6 MB/s | 1.7 kB    00:00
Importing GPG key 0xF6777C67:
  Userid      : "Adobe Systems Incorporated (Linux RPM Signing Key) <secure@adobe.com>"
  Fingerprint: 78A8 75E9 7F09 06BD 6355 73FA 3A69 BD24 F677 7C67
  From        : /etc/pki/rpm-gpg/RPM-GPG-KEY-adobe-linux
Key imported successfully
Running transaction check
Transaction check succeeded.
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded.
Running transaction
  Preparing      :                                1/1
  Installing     : flash-plugin-32.0.0.363-release.x86_64 1/1
  Running scriptlet: flash-plugin-32.0.0.363-release.x86_64 1/1
  Verifying      : flash-plugin-32.0.0.363-release.x86_64 1/1

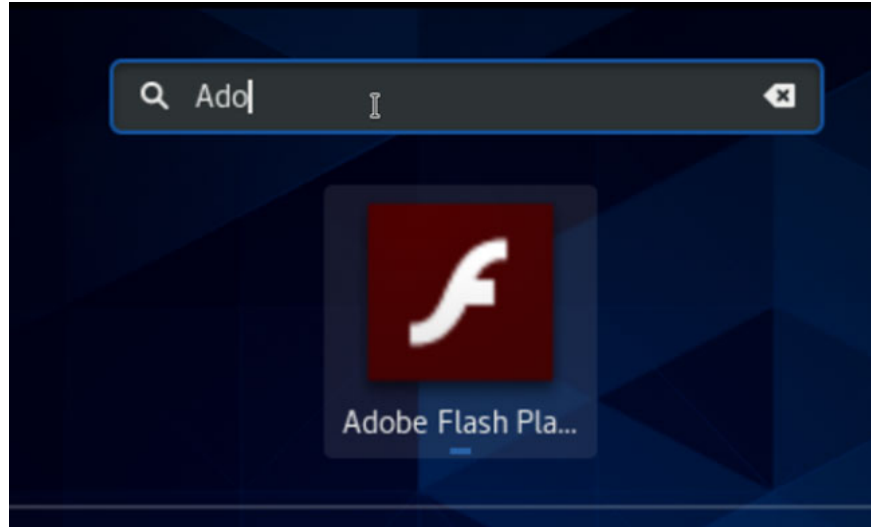
Installed:
flash-plugin-32.0.0.363-release.x86_64

Complete!
```

Install Adobe Flash Player

## Verify Adobe Flash Player installation

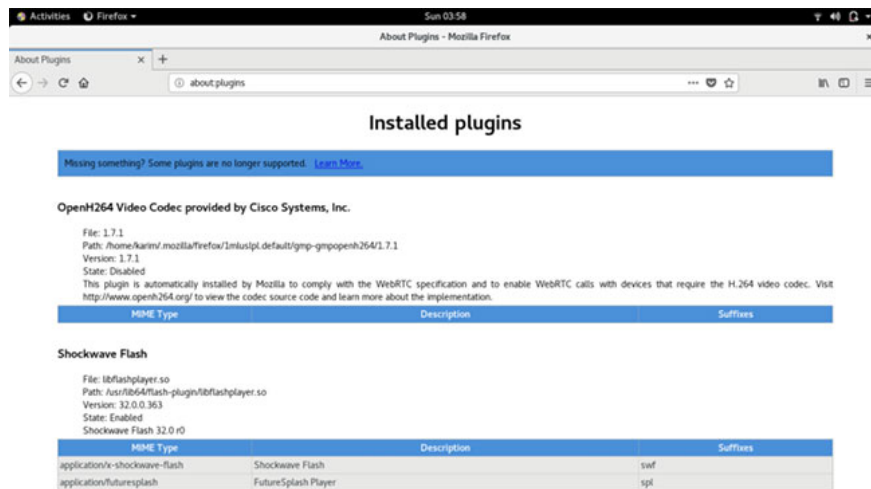
You will have to verify that Adobe Flash Player is already installed on the system. Enter **Adobe** in the search bar, see if it's available on CentOS 8's desktop. If it is installed, you will see the icon of Adobe Flash Player.



You will see the icon of Adobe Flash Player

You can also verify that Adobe Flash Player is used in your browser, by opening the Firefox browser on the system and entering the following in the address bar:

`about:plugins`



You can also verify that Adobe Flash Player is used on your browser

Now, the installation has been successfully established on the system. You can enjoy the benefits of Adobe Flash Player on your Linux CentOS 8 system.

You finished reading the article "**How to install Adobe Flash Player on CentOS 8**" edited by the [TipsMake](#) team. We hope this article has provided you with many useful tech tips and tricks. You can search for similar articles on tips and guides. Thank you for reading and for following us regularly.